

What is a ferroelectric photovoltaic?

Ferroelectric photovoltaics have attracted attention for their unusual photovoltaic effect and controllability. The photogenerated voltage that is independent of bandgap along the polarization direction can be generated in ferroelectric materials, undoubtedly making up for the lack of solar cells.

Can ferroelectric materials be used for photovoltaic devices?

The photovoltaic devices based on ferroelectrics have drawn plenty of attention for providing a promising solar energy harvesting technology and efficient photodetectors. In this review, mainly the photoelectric properties of ferroelectric materials are introduced.

How do we reach the full potential of ferroelectric photovoltaics?

Developing ferroelectric materials with low bandgaps, engineering electrodes to optimize charge extraction, and advancing FePv device architectures are the next steps needed to reach the full potential of ferroelectric photovoltaics. The authors declare no competing financial interest.

What makes ferroelectric photovoltaics different from p-n based solar cells?

Another unique feature of ferroelectric photovoltaics is that, unlike p-n based solar cells, the photovoltage of FePvs is not limited by the material's bandgap (E_g); open circuit voltages (V_{OC}) as large as 1600 V have been measured in LiNbO_3 .

What is photovoltaic effect in ferroelectric thin film?

In other words, this effect is associated with the absence of inversion symmetry in the distribution of defects, impurities, space charges and polarizations in ferroelectric materials. Figure 6.4. Schematic illustration of mechanism of photovoltaic effect in ferroelectric thin film.

What role do ferroelectrics play in photovoltaics?

Ferroelectrics for energy. Beyond their role in photovoltaics, ferroelectrics are poised to also have an exciting role in heterogeneous catalysis [257, 258]. The polarization of ferroelectrics means that bound charges are present on their surfaces, influencing the surface chemistry in many ways.

The photovoltaic devices based on ferroelectrics have drawn plenty of attention for providing a promising solar energy harvesting technology and efficient photodetectors. In this review, mainly the photoelectric properties of ferroelectric materials are introduced.

These conventional PV materials are still facing challenges such as the Shockley-Queisser limit of single-junction solar cells [12], and it is urgent to open different corridors for new semiconducting PV materials and explore different PV mechanisms. Ferroelectric semiconductor materials (FSs), which exhibit prominent switchable spontaneous ...

Many evidences showed that the perovskite materials have both ferroelectric and photovoltaic properties, offering a special system called photoferroelectric materials. A built-in electric field established in these materials due to the ferroelectric property is more helpful for the separation of e-h pairs and enhancing the power conversion ...

Ferroelectric all-inorganic halide perovskite nanocrystals with both spontaneous polarization and visible light absorption are promising candidates for designing ferroelectric ...

This work provides a reference method for improving the photovoltaic effect of ferroelectric photovoltaic materials by adding oxides to form composite films. Our work also provides ideas for effective control of the photoelectric response of ferroelectric materials, which can be applied to a new generation of ferroelectric photovoltaic and ...

The power conversion efficiency (PCE) of ferroelectric photovoltaics (FePvs) was originally not expected to surpass 0.01%, but since FePv efficiencies now exceed this limit by nearly 3 orders of magnitude, FePvs warrant further investigation. Ferroelectricity occurs exclusively in materials with a polar crystal structure where the spontaneous polarization can be reoriented with an ...

Defects and oxygen vacancies always play an important role in the properties of ferroelectric films. Here, we prepared $(1 - x)\text{BiFeO}_3\text{-}x\text{SrCoO}_{2.5}$ films by the sol-gel method, and introduced $\text{SrCoO}_{2.5}$ into BiFeO_3 to form an unequal solid solution, thereby generating defective dipoles in the film to regulate the ferroelectric photovoltaic effect. It is shown that the appearance of ...

Since the 1970s, the related research on ferroelectric photovoltaic has been carried out along with the research on the optoelectronic properties of ferroelectric materials. Ferroelectric is characterized by spontaneous polarization due to its central symmetry breaking . Compared with ordinary dipole polarization, ferroelectric materials are ...

The bulk photovoltaic effect (BPVE) 1,2,3,4,5 in ferroelectric materials has been intensively investigated because of properties such as above bandgap photovoltage generation or the possibility of ...

Ferroelectric photovoltaics have attracted attention for their unusual photovoltaic effect and controllability. The photogenerated voltage that is independent of bandgap along the polarization direction can be generated in ferroelectric materials, undoubtedly making up for the lack of solar cells.

The application of ferroelectric materials (i.e. solids that exhibit spontaneous electric polarisation) in solar cells has a long and controversial history. This includes the first observations of the anomalous photovoltaic effect (APE) and the bulk photovoltaic effect (BPE). The recent successful applicatio 2015 most accessed Energy & Environmental Science articles

Ferroelectric materials photovoltaic

FERROELECTRIC PHOTOVOLTAICS Historically, ferroelectric materials were developed for dielectric and piezoelectric applications (e.g., capacitors, medical ultrasound, transducers),¹² so the majority of established ferroelectric materials have large bandgaps, $E_g > 3 \text{ eV}$.¹³ This precedence is one reason why the efficiency of

The bulk photovoltaic (PV) effect in ferroelectric materials has attracted worldwide attention for novel optoelectronic applications utilizing above-bandgap photovoltages, light-polarization-dependent photocurrents, photocurrent generation by terahertz light, etc. One of the drawbacks is its weak photoresponse under visible-light irradiation ...

Ferroelectric materials have been a focus of much research over the last few decades for their unique piezoelectric and optoelectronic properties. Conventional solar cells have been devised based on the photovoltaic effect of semiconductor p-n junctions, with their photogenerated voltage being influenced by the bandgap of the semiconductors, limiting their further ...

On the increasing needs of clean and renewable solar energy, researchers are continuously exploring novel materials and fundamentally investigating photoelectric conversion mechanisms for the ...

1 Introduction. Ferroelectrics constitute a class of materials wherein spontaneous polarization can be reversed within crystals lacking centrosymmetry. [] The control of ferroelectric domains has long been a subject of understanding because it forms the basis of electrical/mechanical conversion characteristics, [] memory operation, [] and so on in many ...

The photovoltaic (PV) effect in ferroelectric (FE) materials has been known for many decades, but only a limited number of studies are available in the literature. Due to ever-increasing global concern of environmental degradation from conventional energy sources, the research for clean and sustainable energy has been directed to some extent to ...

3 days ago; The ferroelectric photovoltaic effect in BiFeO_3 has attracted much attention recently. However, the potential of BiFeO_3 as a photovoltaic material is limited due to its low photocurrent density and consequently low power conversion efficiency. Herein, a novel ferroelectric photovoltaic architecture based on the (Pr, Ni) gradient-doped BiFeO_3 -based thin film coupled ...

The work at Berkeley was performed within the Helios Solar Energy Research Center, which is supported by the Director, Office of Science, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, Materials Sciences and ...

Most ferroelectric oxides exhibit relatively wide bandgaps, which pose limitations on their suitability for photovoltaic application. CuNbO_3 possesses potential ferroelectric properties with an ...

Ferroelectric all-inorganic halide perovskite nanocrystals with both spontaneous polarization and visible light absorption are promising candidates for designing ferroelectric photovoltaic applications. It remains a

Ferroelectric materials photovoltaic

challenge to realize ferroelectric photovoltaic devices with all-inorganic halide perovskites that can be operated in the absence of an external electric ...

In addition, the ferroelectric materials give rise to unique PV behavior based on atomistic asymmetry of current generation, the bulk PV effect. Ferroelectric oxides are an intriguing class of photovoltaic materials, known to produce a very high photovoltage, up to orders of magnitude larger than the bandgap, but rather a small photocurrent.

The ability of KBNNO to absorb three to six times more solar energy than the current ferroelectric materials suggests a route to viable ferroelectric semiconductor-based cells for solar energy conversion and other applications. Ferroelectrics have recently attracted attention as a candidate class of materials for use in photovoltaic devices, and for the coupling of light absorption with ...

Recent research into ferroelectric photovoltaic materials has consisted of two mostly independent strands. Photovoltaic effects have been studied in oxide ferroelectrics, 24,30-33 notably BiFeO_3 (BFO), from a fundamental physics and materials design perspective.