

Whig and Tory, members of two opposing political parties or factions in England, particularly during the 18th century. Originally "Whig" and "Tory" were terms of abuse introduced in 1679 during the heated struggle over ...

Conservatism, political doctrine that emphasizes the value of traditional institutions and practices and their gradual evolution under conditions of continuity and stability. They generally believe that government should be ...

The history of industrial architecture can be traced back to the Industrial Revolution of the late 18th and early 19th centuries. This was a period of rapid technological development that saw the emergence of new ...

The industrial revolution that originated in 18th-century England changed the way the world would make its products and travel. Learn more about the causes of the first industrial ...

Enlightenment, a European intellectual movement of the 17th and 18th centuries that emphasized the use of reason to advance understanding of the universe and to improve the human condition. The goals of the ...

Evolution, theory in biology postulating that the various types of living things on Earth have their origin in other preexisting types and that the distinguishable differences are due to modifications in successive generations. ...

Nationalism, ideology based on the idea that the individual's loyalty and devotion to the nation-state surpass other individual or group interests. Although it is often thought to be very old, nationalism did not become a great ...

Industry 4.0, also known as the Fourth Industrial Revolution, is revolutionizing the way companies manufacture, improve, and distribute their products and services through technologies such as artificial intelligence, the ...

Maoism, doctrine consisting of the ideology and methodology for revolution developed by Mao Zedong and his associates in the Chinese Communist Party from the 1920s until Mao's death in 1976. Maoism was ...

History of Latin America - Colonialism, Revolution, Independence: The first decades of the second half of the 19th century represented the beginnings of a fundamental shift in the still-young nations of Latin America. At ...

Simple explanation of industrial revolution

The Industrial Revolution was a period of great change and innovation that transformed the way people lived and worked. It began in Britain in the late 1700s and quickly spread to other parts of Europe and North America.

Proletariat, the lowest or one of the lowest economic and social classes in a society. In ancient Rome it was a class with little opportunity for productive work but which at times ...

Beginner-Level Explanation Of This Nano-Engineered Alloy Topological nano-alloys are materials with special electronic properties that are protected by the fundamental laws of physics - like ...

Telegraph, any device or system that allows the transmission of information by coded signal over distance. The term most often refers to the electric telegraph, which was developed in the mid-19th century and for more ...

What is the Industrial Revolution? The Industrial Revolution was a period of major innovation and mechanization that began during the mid-18th century in Great Britain and later spread throughout the world. It was the ...



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